# JEWISH-AMERICAN EXPERIENCE

## Overview

- Describe the Historical Perspective
- Describe the Jewish Identity
- Describe the concepts of Judaism
- Describe the Jewish Culture
- ★ Explain Anti-Semitism
- Explain the Current Relationships
- Define the Contemporary Issues

# Jewish-American Experience

### Historical Perspective

 We look at the history and events of the Jews in America, not to take away from the experience of the other groups but to add an understanding.

## Concept of Judaism

- One of the oldest religions in the world
- Forerunner of both Christianity and Islam
- Arose in Near East some 3,500 years ago

# Jewish-American Experience

#### Early Jewish History

- "In the beginning, God created the universe." (Gen,1:1) the start of Jewish history
- The Old Testament is the story of the Jewish people
- The first five chapters are the foundation of the faith called the Torah, Talmud is the interpretation of the Torah

#### Immigration

- Primary reason for immigrating was for religious freedom
- 1654-1829, 23 people, 5,000 by 1829, 1820-1880 300,000, 1880-1924 approx.. 2.5 million

## Legistlation

- Separation of church and state
  - Ongoing battle from the early 1800s to 1947
  - Thomas Jefferson persuaded Virginia to separate church and state, many states followed
- Ruling was overturned in 1947 by Supreme Court

## State of Israel

- - Originally aimed at re-establishment of a Jewish National homeland and state in Palestine
  - Now concerned with development and support of Israel
- □ № In 1917 the British supported the Balfer Declaration
- In 1947 the United Nations voted to open Palestine again as a Jewish state.

## Impact of a Separate State

 Ended a debate amongst the Jewish-American whether to support the state of Israel or not

- Jewish-Americans stayed in America, but supported Israel with money and skills
- Philanthropic (affection), financial support and, skills

# Legislation Impacted Jewish and Non-Jewish Americans

- 1948 Truman Commission recommended removal of all questions pertaining to religion, color, national or racial origin within government supported schools
- 1949 American Counsel on Higher Learning recommended the elimination of religious preference
- 1978 Supreme Court overturned the quota system as unlawful based on the Allen Baake vs UC Davis Medical Center. This caused a rift between Jewish Civil Rights and Black Civil Rights organizations

## Judaism

- The Traditional definition of a Jew is if you were born of a Jewish mother
- ☼ In 1983 the Reform Jews recognized it can be passed from either parent as long as the child is raised in the Jewish tradition.
- ★ You can covert but it must be approved by an Orthodox Rabbi

# Jewish Identity

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 Known as the traditional Jewish religion, strictly and literally interpret the teaching of the Torah and the laws or Talmud

#### Reform Judaism

 Modern, teaches that Jewish religion is an evolving religion and it must change to meet the needs of our time

#### Conservative Judaism

Middle of the road , based on the congregation,
 Conservatism favors tradition but will adjust ritual laws.

## **Extreme Jewish Movements**

Hasidic (or folk) and mystic followers, Black Hebrew and Falashism consider themselves true descendants of original Jewish Tribes, the re-constructionists, who reject the traditional concepts about God and the Torah, Evangelical Jews and even Jews who believe Jesus is the Messiah

## Judaism Values and Ethics

- Inherent dignity and importance of all humankind
- Equality of all people
- The capacity of all to improve given the will and tools
- Sharing of wealth with less fortunate
- Special concern which God has mandated for the poor, the widow, the hungry, and the orphan

# Judaism Values and Ethics

- A society or state is created to serve the citizens
- 7 Noachide Laws essential to any civilized society
  - Bans murder, robbery, blasphemy, idolatry, eating living flesh, sexual crimes, and requires every community to establish courts of justice.
- The rule of law (Talmud) Freedom of choice and accompanying responsibility for own actions
- Obligation of individuals and societies to pursue justice, righteousness and the ways of peace

## Jewish Culture Seven Areas

- □ The Torah
- ★ The Talmud (Law)
- Mitzvah To affirm commitment to God through good deeds, Bar male, Bat female
- \* One God
- Covenant Contract between God and Jewish people
- Dietary laws (Kashrut)

## Celebrations and Holidays

- Sabbath Day of holiness
- Rosh Hashanah Jewish New Year ten day period of penitence and spiritual renewal
- Yom Kippur Day of Atonement most holy day marked by fasting and prayer
- Sukkot Commemorates the 40-year wandering of Israelites in the desert on the way to the Promised Land

## Celebrations and Holidays

- Simchat Torah Concludes the Sukkot festival
- Chanukah (Hon-i-ka) Festival of Lights
- Purim (Poo-rim) Feast of Lots
- Pesach (Peh-sach) Passover
- Shavuot (Week of Weeks) Festival of Weeks

## Jewish Families

Nuclear families. Most believe in lineage through the mother. Males are religious, obligated and the provider. Females raise children. Different roles are reflected by type:

Orthodox	Conservative	Reform
Separate Worship	Congregational Choice	Full Participation, Family Seating
Minyan-Male (Quorum or 10 males)	Minyan-Choice Congressional	Minyan Men and Women (any number)
Bris (Circumcision)	Bris/Naming Ceremony	Naming Ceremony
Bar Mitzvah	Bat Mitzvah	Bat Mitzvah
Lineage (Religious Tradition)	Lineage Contemporary	Contemporary Definition
Rabbis-Men EO OFFICE	Women Rabbis since 1983	Women Rabbis since 1972 17

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## **ANTI-SEMITISM**

- Discrimination or prejudice against Jews
- Jews feared others and relied on themselves for mutual aid, help associations include:
  - B'nai B'rith (1843) established to care for the poor and orphans
  - Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society (1881) helped the new immigrants
  - American Jewish Committee (1906) supports: "Rights for Jews is best secured by rights for all"
  - Anti-defamation League of B'nai B'rith highlights incidents of Anti-Semitism

## Contemporary Issues

- Social/Political Continue to fight anti-Semitism, the fate of Israel and U.S. policy towards Israel
- Cultural Low population growth, assimilation into other cultures, and inter-marriage, while is not prohibited, it is a concern
- Military Service Very few Jewish on active duty, attributed to:
  - Few Jewish Chaplains, Dietary constraints,
     Sabbath, Yarmulke, overseas assignments
     (Germany), traditions of family and home rituals.

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# **Holocaust Exercise**